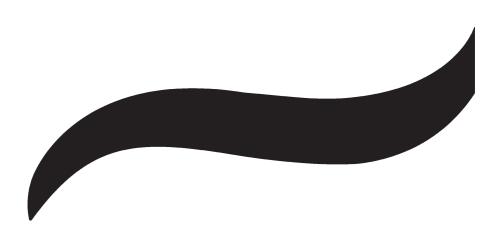




How to begin reducing your Tramadol

Information for patients Pain Management Service University Hospital Hairmyres



HOW YOU COULD BEGIN TO REDUCE YOUR TRAMADOL

* This is not including the long acting preparations of Tramadol *

It is important not to stop taking your Tramadol suddenly as this can sometimes cause withdrawal symptoms for a few days. It is best to begin reducing your tramadol slowly and then you are unlikely to get withdrawal symptoms.

It is important to choose a time to begin reducing your medication. Preferably when you do not have stresses in your life and when your pain is stable.

Only you know when your pain tends to be worse. It would be best to reduce the first dose at a time of day when your pain is usually at its best.

The table below gives you an idea of how you could begin to reduce your Tramadol. For example if you are on tramadol 100mgs 4 times a day.

Week	Morning	Lunchtime	Teatime	Night
Week 1	Tramadol 50mg x 2	Tramadol 50mg x 2	Tramadol 50mg x 1	Tramadol 50mg x 2
	capsules	capsules	capsule	capsules
Week 2	Tramadol 50mg x 2	Tramadol 50mg x 1	Tramadol 50mg x 1	Tramadol 50mg x 2
Week 2	capsules	capsule	capsule	capsules
	Tramadol	Tramadol	Tramadol	Tramadol
Week 3	50mg x 1	50mg x 1	50mg x 1	50mg x 2
	capsule	capsule	capsule	capsules
	Tramadol	Tramadol	Tramadol	Tramadol
Week 4	50mg x 1 capsule	50mg x 1 capsule	50mg x 1 capsule	50mg x 1 capsule

You can continue to reduce your Tramadol by stopping a dose a week. You may need to reduce more slowly than this or may be able to reduce every few days depending on how you feel. If you have any worries whilst reducing your medication you can discuss this with your GP or pain nurse.

2 How you could begin to reduce your Tramadol

TAKING MEDICATION IN CHRONIC PAIN RELIEF

- * The benefits gained from taking medication should always be more than any side-effects you have.
- Only you know how bad your pain is, are able to say if your * medicine is helping or is giving you problems with side effects.
- If your medicine is not helping you may not need to take it, but * please talk to you GP or pharmacist first. Remember it may be several days or weeks before you notice that a new medicine is making a difference.
- Getting the best effect from your medication may be a matter of trial and error. It may help to keep a diary of your pain and other symptoms. Side effects often lessen once you have been on a medicine for a few days.
- You can discuss your pain medication with your GP, pharmacist ** or pain specialist. They can give you advice on which painkillers may help and they can help you find the best way to take your medicines.
- ❖ You will find more information about your treatment in the product information leaflet.

If you understand how your treatment works you will be able to get the best pain relief from it with the least side-effects.

Design - Medical Illustration, NHS Lanarkshire

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Pub. date: October 2022
Review date: October 2024

Issue No: 02

Department: Pain Management

Clinical Lead:

Opinion
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